GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE
LOK SABHA

STARRED QUESTION NO:187
ANSWERED ON:12.03.2008
MBBS AND POST GRADAUATE SEATS IN MEDICAL COLLEGES
Gadakh Shri Tukaram Gangadhar;Narhire Smt. Kalpana Ramesh

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the State-wise details of the Government and private Medical Colleges functioning in the country;

(b) the number of seats for MBBS and Post-Graduate courses in these colleges alongwith the reserved seats, if any;

(c) the number of Medical Colleges granted recognition during the last three years, State-wise and year-wise;

(d) whether the Government proposes to increase the number of seats in these colleges and

(e)if so, the details thereof, State-wise?

Answer

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (DR. ANBUMANI RAMADOSS)

(a)to(e): A statement is laid on the Table of the House.

STATEMENT REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO LOK SABHA STARRED QUESTION NO. 187 FOR 12TH MARCH, 2008

At present, there are 271 medical colleges in the country, out of which 138 are in the Government sector and the remaining 133 medical colleges are in the private sector. State-wise details in this regard are at Annexure-I. The MBBS students intake capacity of these medical colleges is about 31,172 and the number of seats available in various PG medical courses is approximately 11,005 annually.

2. As to the number of reserved seats in MBBS and PG medical courses, the data is not centrally maintained. However, at the State level, the State Governments follow their reservation policy. And in the All India Quota against these seats, 15% seats are reserved for SC candidates and 7.5.% for ST candidates.

3. The number of medical colleges recognized since April 2004 is 27, the details of which are at Annexure-II.

4. The Central Government encourages starting of new courses and increase of seats in MBBS and PG medical courses. For this purpose, the concerned institutions are required to apply to the Central Government for permission as per the Regulations framed under Indian Medical Council Act, 1956, after obtaining Essentiality Certificate from the State Government, Consent of Affiliation from University concerned etc. Such applications received from the medical colleges are evaluated by the Medical Council of India and on its recommendations and taking into consideration various factors, the Central Government takes appropriate decision to grant necessary permission in this regard from time to time.